

LAKE COUNTY HOMELAND SECURITY & EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

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COMMUNITY EMERGENCY RESPONSE TEAM (CERT)

Communities can become more resilient when people get involved in building capacity & planning for the unexpected. CERT training is FREE and covers basic skills that are important to know in a disaster when emergency services are not available.

With training, practice and by working as a team, you will be able to protect yourself and maximize your capability to help for the greatest number of people after a disaster.

https://medicine.utah.edu/dfpm/occupationalenvironmental-health/research/outreach/cert

PRINCE COUNTY PRINCE OF THE PR

January 2023 CERT Team Training

WHAT DOES EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT DO ANYWAY?

Emergency Managment protects communities by coordinating and integrating all activities necessary to build, sustain, and improve the capability to mitigate against, prepare for, respond to, and recover from threatened or actual natural disasters, acts of terrorism, or other manmade disasters (FEMA).





CONTINUOUS TRAINING

Our department recently participated in an annual coordinated response exercise with local first responders for the International Pipeline Awareness Association (INPAA) to learn all about emergency response pipeline safety training.



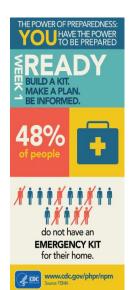


DO YOU HAVE A DISASTER PLAN?

The National Safety Council offers safety tips specific on preparing for earthquakes, floods, hurricanes and tornadoes, and how to minimize fire risks.

Federal agencies, like Ready.gov and the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration also are valuable resources for emergency preparedness. When you face a natural or man-made emergency, try to stay informed through radio, TV or the Internet. In some cases, however, cable, electric and cell phone service will be disabled, making communication nearly impossible.

The National Safety Council recommends the following general precautions that apply to many disaster situations:



- Make sure at least one family member knows first aid and CPR
- Download the FEMA app for resources, weather alerts and safety tips
- Have a family communication plan in place; all members of the family should review and practice the plan
- Have all family members' and other important phone numbers written down or memorized
- Have an emergency kit in your car and at least three days of food and water at home
- Be sure to store all important documents birth certificates, insurance policies, etc. in a fire-proof safe or safety deposit box
- Know how to shut off utilities

WINTER WEATHER PREPAREDNESS





WHAT IS NIMS AND WHO NEEDS TRAINING?

The National Incident Management System (NIMS) guides all levels of government, nongovernmental organizations and the private sector to work together to prevent, protect against, mitigate, respond to and recover from incidents.

NIMS provides stakeholders across the whole community with the shared vocabulary, systems and processes to successfully deliver the capabilities described in the National Preparedness System. NIMS defines operational systems that guide how personnel work together during incidents.

The National Incident Management System (NIMS) Training Program helps to mitigate risk by achieving greater preparedness. The training program facilitates training and qualification of emergency management personnel to NIMS concepts and principles.

The NIMS Training Program identifies a deliberate method to develop and maintain a complete NIMS core curriculum and, concurrently, to provide training guidance to stakeholders for developing their training plans.

NIMS Training Matrix

All Emergency	First-Line	Mid-Level Response	Senior-Level	Elected/Appointed	Emergency
Responders	Supervisors	Supervisors	Response Managers	Officials***	Operations Center
					(EOC)/Multi-Agency
					Coordination
					System (MACS)
					Personnel**
IS100 (4 hrs)	IS100 (4 hrs)	IS100 (4 hrs)	IS100 (4 hrs)	IS100 (4 hrs)	IS100 (4 hrs)
Introduction to the	Introduction to the	Introduction to the	Introduction to the	Introduction to the	Introduction to the
Incident Command	Incident Command	Incident Command	Incident Command	Incident Command	Incident Command
System	System	System	System	System	System
IS700 (4 hrs) NIMS, an	IS700 (4 hrs) NIMS, an	IS700 (4 hrs) NIMS, an	IS700 (4 hrs) NIMS, an	IS700 (4 hrs) NIMS, an	IS700 (4 hrs) NIMS, an
Introduction	Introduction	Introduction	Introduction	Introduction	Introduction
	IS200 (12 hrs) ICS for	IS200 (12 hrs) ICS for	IS200 (12 hrs) ICS for	Recommended Core	IS800 (3 hrs) National
	Single Resources and	Single Resources and	Single Resources and	Course: G402 ICS	Response Framework
	Initial Action Incidents	Initial Action Incidents	Initial Action Incidents	Overview for	(NRF), an Introduction
				Executive/Senior	
				Officials (2 hrs)*	
		IS800 (3 hrs) National	IS800 (3 hrs) National	Recommended	G191(8 hrs)* ICS/EOC
		Response Framework	Response Framework	Additional Course:	Interface
		(NRF), an Introduction	(NRF), an Introduction	G191 (8 hrs)*,	
				ICS/EOC Interface	
		ICS/G300 (18 hrs)*	ICS/G300 (18 hrs)*		G775 (16 hrs) EOC
		Intermediate ICS for	Intermediate ICS for		Management and
		Expanding Incidents	Expanding Incidents		Operations
			ICS/G400 (14 hrs)*		IS706 (2.5 hrs) NIMS
			Advanced ICS,		Intrastate Mutual Aid-an
			Command and General		Introduction
			Staff-Complex Incidents		
					IS701 (5 hrs) Multi-
					Agency Coordination
					System (MACS) Course

Emergency Management

Definition, Vision, Mission, Principles

Definition

Emergency management is the managerial function charged with creating the framework within which communities reduce vulnerability to hazards and cope with disasters.

Vision

Emergency management seeks to promote safer, less vulnerable communities with the capacity to cope with hazards and disasters.

Mission

Emergency Management protects communities by coordinating and integrating all activities necessary to build, sustain, and improve the capability to mitigate against, prepare for, respond to, and recover from threatened or actual natural disasters, acts of terrorism, or other man-made disasters.

Principles

Emergency Management must be:

- Comprehensive emergency managers consider and take into account all hazards, all phases, all stakeholders and all impacts relevant to disasters.
- Progressive emergency managers anticipate future disasters and take preventive
 and preparatory measures to build disaster-resistant and disaster-resilient communities.
- Risk-Driven emergency managers use sound risk management principles (hazard identification, risk analysis, and impact analysis) in assigning priorities and resources.
- Integrated emergency managers ensure unity of effort among all levels of government and all elements of a community.
- Collaborative emergency managers create and sustain broad and sincere
 relationships among individuals and organizations to encourage trust, advocate a
 team atmosphere, build consensus, and facilitate communication.
- Coordinated emergency managers synchronize the activities of all relevant stakeholders to achieve a common purpose.
- Flexible emergency managers use creative and innovative approaches in solving disaster challenges.
- Professional emergency managers value a science and knowledge-based approach based on education, training, experience, ethical practice, public stewardship and continuous improvement.









